Russell Street School

Nursery – Summer 2 - Theme: Seaside in Summer



We will be reading a variety of books including 'The Rainbow Fish' and 'Sharing a Shell'. As we will be learning about the life cycle of a butterfly, we will be reading 'The Very Hunary Caterpillar'.

We will be continuing to learn to write our name using a cursive style. Some children may be ready to learn how to form other letters too. We will be starting to learn our letter sounds using the school's approach to Phonics teaching 'Read, Write, Inc'. This will include learning to segment and blend sounds in words orally.

Mathematics

We will be counting regularly including in our daily circle time sessions when we count how many children are in our group. We will continue to develop our number skills through activities such as one-to-one correspondence when counting shells and adding the spots on one side of the ladybird to the spots on the other side (to 5).

We will be creating a repeating pattern caterpillar.

We will be learning about capacity when we fill up our sandcastle buckets, revising the language of full, half-full and empty.

There will be a sock shop and a shoe shop and the children will b encouraged to use their knowledge of numbers to create tickets and price labels.



Physical Development

As well as having access to the equipment in our Early Years garden to develop our physical skills we will learnt o safely crimb a tree in the orchard and compete in traditional races such as the egg and spoon race

We will continue to develop our fine-motor control through the programme 'WriteDance in Nursery'. We will make paper-chain caterpillars and cut and stick pictures of the lifecycle in the correct order.

Communication and Language

Grandma Fantastic will teach us new vocabulary such as tide and coast.

We will focus on different tenses such as swim and swam.



Personal, Social and Emotional Development

We will be continuing our whole school approach to PSE called 'Jigsaw'. The focus this half term will be on 'Changing Me'.

We will be preparing the children for Reception and we will give the children opportunities to visit the Reception team.

Expressive Arts and Design

Exploring media and materials: We will be exploring colour when we make a symmetrical butterfly painting. We will be creating our own dances and singing songs such as 'When I was one'.

Being imaginative: We will be making our own 'Very Hungry Caterpillar' books, a tea-stained treasure map and creating an under the sea scene using a box (diorama). We will also be mixing primary colours to create secondary colours to consolidate our knowledge on colour mixing

Understanding the World

The world: We will be learning about the life cycle of a butterfly and we will have our own caterpillars in Nursery to observe and look after. We will also be talking about how reusable bottles are better than plastic bottles, when we talk about looking after the sea.

People and Communities: We will be looking closely at our fingerprint using chalk on black paper when we talk about being unique in our 'The Rainbow Fish' week.

Technology: We will continue to develop our ICT skills. We will create a symmetrical butterfly using 2Paint on 'PurpleMash' and program programmable toys called Beebots.

		So	unds left to learn - u, b, f, e,	, l, h, sh, r, j, v, y, w, th, z, o	ch, qu, x, ng and nk		
Phonics	u, b and f	e, I and h	sh, r and j	v, y and w	th, z and ch	qu, x, ng and nk	Revise letter sounds and use speed sound cards to blend and segment. Phonics Assessments
Core Texts	THE VENY 25 MAY AND A STATE OF THE VENY STATE OF		NIGHT PLANTES	THE RAINBOW FISH			Shoring o Shell
	2.6	9.6	16.6	23.6	30.6	7.7	14.7 and 21.7
	The Very Hungry Caterpillar	The Very Hungry Caterpillar	Pirates	The Rainbow Fish	Induction	'Oh, I do like to be beside the seaside'	Sharing a Shell
Enhancement Texts	My Butterfly Bouquet PUTTERFLY POVOVET	The Butterfly Dance	Ten Little Pirates TEN LITTLE PIRATES Miles Brownlow & Somen Sackerty	Pip and Egg	The Colour Monster goes to School Lulu's Bay	Listen to the Seaside	What Lives in a Shell?

	T	T		Τ	Τ		
	Reading	<u>Writing</u>	Reading	Writing	Writing	<u>Reading</u>	Reading
	Re-telling the story.	Make a Caterpillar to	Recognising own name	Wave pattern	Creating cards for new	Summer Poems – learn a	Focus on oral
		butterfly book or TVHC	from a selection.		teachers.	poem	segmenting and
		book.					blending
							(objects shell,
							crab etc)
	A ation observe	Taurah daliasta	Tide seet idead	Curios plunos divo	Facilize fuichtaged	Tanana audina audana	Faring page and
	Action – change,	Touch – delicate,	Tide, coast, island	Swim, plunge, dive	Feeling – frightened,	Tenses – swim, swam	Environment,
	grow, alter,	fragile, gentle			anxious, courage,		climate, solar,
×	difference and						energy
	metamorphosis						
	"Would you rather	"If you could fly	"Do you prefer playing	"What is your	"What are you most	"What is your favourite	"How can we
	be a caterpillar or a	anywhere where	in the sand or the	favourite colour in the	looking forward to	flavour of ice-cream?"	look after our
les	butterfly?"	would you go?	water?"	rainbow?"	doing when you go into Reception?"	"I like…"	environment?"
Circles	"I would rather be"		"I prefer…"	"My favourite rainbow	into Neception:		"We can…"
				colour is"	"I am looking forward		
					to"		
96	У	W	Z	Revise letters by	Revise letters by	Revise letters by groups –	Revise letters
ritir				groups – a, c, d, o and	groups – n and m	h h Landi	that childen
≱p				g		b, h, I and I	need to have
Handwriting							most practise of.
_							

Week	Expressive Art & Design (Art)	Learning Intention/	Key Vocabulary	Key Skills	Key Knowledge
	EXPRESSIVE ARTS	Success Criteria		EAN G	IMOMIDIA]
1	Creates representations of both imaginary and real-life	To create a	symmetry	Paint on one side of	Butterflies have a single
	ideas, events, people and objects.	symmetrical print.	same	the paper, fold the	line of symmetry down
	Symmetrical butterfly prints using paint			paper and it will leave	the middle of their body,
				a symmetrical print on	meaning the patterns on
				gthe other side.	their wings are the same on both sides.
2	Experiments with ways to create shapes.	Choose a paint.	experiment	Printing	That an object can leave
					a print when placed in
	Printing – caterpillar (red segment, yellow segment. Red	Choose an object.	print		paint
	segment etc using circular objects)	Print by putting the	shape/s		
		object in to the	silape/s		The print can make
		paint and printing			different shapes and
		on the paper.			patterns
3	Responds imaginatively to art works and objects.	To create an aged	effect	Take a tea bag and	Paper turns yellow
	Create a treasure map (tea stained paper)	effect.		squeeze it slightly so	because of oxidation.
	Telescope			some tea(the liquid)	Paper is made from
				falls onto the paper.	wood, which is made up
				Paint the paper until	mainly of white
				the tea you have	cellulose. Wood also has
				squeezed onto the	a lot of a dark substance
				paper is completely	in it called lignin, which
				soaked in. Repeat until your entire paper is	ends up in the paper, too, along with the
				stained with tea. Let it	cellulose. The exposure
				dry off before handling	of lignin to air and
				it any further.	sunlight is what turns
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	paper yellow.
4	Continues to explore colour and how colours can be	To know that there	rainbow	Mixing colours	Secondary colours:
	changed.	are three primary	colours		These are colour
	Rainbows – mixing primary colours to make secondary	colours and that	primary		combinations created by
	colours	they can be mixed	secondary		the equal mixture of two
		to make secondary	red		primary colours.
		colours.	orange		According to the
			yellow		traditional colour wheel,

		1			
			green		red and yellow make
			blue		orange, red and blue
			indigo		make purple, and blue
			violet		and yellow make green.
5	Uses their increasing knowledge and understanding of	To show what I	diorama	Dioramas are physical	Though the items you'll
and	tools and materials to explore their interests and	know using a	shoebox	boxes built to	need depend on the
6	enquiries and develop their thinking.	diorama.		showcase learning on a	concept or theme, you
	Fish scene – little shoe boxes (diorama)			subject matter or	may want modeling
				topic.	clay, construction paper,
					glue, scissors, paint and
					a paintbrush, markers,
					felt, and fabric scraps.
					You may also want
					miniatures, like figures
					or furniture, found
					objects, like rocks and
					twigs, and printed
					pictures or magazine
					pages.
7 and	Develops their own ideas through experimentation	To create a collage.	Collage	Fine motor skills.	Collage is a simple craft
8	with diverse materials, e.g. light, projected image, loose			Awarness of colour	activity that involves
	parts, watercolours, powder paint, to express and			and texture.	pasting items like leaves
	communicate their discoveries and understanding.				or photographs onto a
	Seaside collage				sheet of paper.

Week	Understanding the world: The World, Technology and	Learning Intention/	Key Vocabulary	Key Skills	Key Knowledge
	People and Communities	Success Criteria	**	EAN G	MOWITE
1	Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Caterpillar to butterfly life-cycle (Insectlore delivery of caterpillars)	To know the life-cycle of a butterfly.	egg larva pupa adult	Scientific	The life-cycle continues over and over again. Are a cocoon and chrysalis the same thing? While pupa can refer to this naked stage in either a butterfly or moth, chrysalis is strictly used for the butterfly pupa. A cocoon is the silk casing that a moth caterpillar spins around it before it turns into a pupa This is the larva's final molt as it transforms to a chrysalis.
2	Knows how to operate simple equipment. Bee-Bots = Programmable toy using Bee-Bot mats Purple-Mash — Butterfly on 2Paint	To program a programmable toy.	operate program command	Technology	Directions – up, down, left, right, turn, backwards, forwards
3	Makes observations of animals. Bug Hunting	To observe animals.	observe look see	Observation skills	Observation skills refer to the ability to use all five of your senses to recognise, analyse and recall your surroundings.
4	Knows about similarities and differences between themselves and others. Fingerprints (chalk on black paper – unique fingerprint)	To know that we are all unigue.	unique different	Scientific	People's fingerprints are all different.

5	Talks about the features of their own immediate	To know what a	pond	Scientific	A pond is a small area of
	environment and how environments might vary from	pond is.	still		still, fresh water. It is
	one another.		water		different from a river or
	Climbing a tree		small		a stream because it does
					not have moving water
					and it differs from a lake
					because it has a small
					area and is no more than
					around 1.8m deep.
6	Induction				
7 and 8	Begin to understand the effect their behaviour can	To know how we	environment	Enviromental science	Recycle and buy
	have on the environment.	can protect the			sustainable products.
	Environment focus – re-usable bottles not plastic etc.	environment.			

Week	Physical Development	Learning	Key	Key Skills	Key Knowledge
		Intention/ Success Criteria	Vocabulary	EAN G	MOMBE
1	Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable	To use one-	feed	Motor skills, hand-eye co-ordination, scissor skills	You have to feed
	materials safely and with increasing control and intention.	handed tools and	attach connect	and pincer grip.	the paper through
	Paper chain caterpillar	equipment,	link		the previous chain and attach using
	Taper chain caterphia	e.g. make	IIIIK		sticky tape or glue.
		snips in paper			strony tape or graci
		with child			
		scissors.			
2	Shows understanding of how to transport and store	To know how	transport	Listening carefully to the safety rule.	Hold scissors with
	equipment safely – scissor safety.	to transport	safely		the blades closed,
	Cut and stick life-cycle of butterfly	and store	store		gripping the blade
		scissors			end in the hand,
		safely.			forming a fist
					around the blades,
					and leaving the handles exposed.
					The scissors should
					be held close to
					one's side when
					walking.
3	Manipulates a range of tools and equipment in one	To create a	up	Developing pencil control and fine motor skills.	Holding the pencil,
	hand.	handwriting	down		manipulating it
	Pencil control – wave pattern	pattern.	curved		within the hand,
					efficiently and
					effectively stopping
					and starting on
					lines, forming
					letters with turns in
					direction, and managing minute
					pencil strokes
					within a given
					writing space all

					require pencil
4	Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable letters. Practise name. Name card to go home with children to practise over the summer.	To form recognisable letters.	up down straight curved left right left	Developing pencil control and fine motor skills.	control. Holding the pencil, manipulating it within the hand, efficiently and effectively stopping and starting on lines, forming letters with turns in direction, and managing minute pencil strokes within a given
					writing space all require pencil control.
5	Begins to walk, run and climb on different levels and surfaces. Climbing a tree in the orchard	To climb a tree.	trunk broad	https://www.nationaltrust.org.uk/features/how-to-climb-trees	Keep three parts of your limbs (on the tree at all times! Check that it's dry before you climb as wet trees are really slippery. Good trees for climbing have broad trunks ones that are thinner than your legs will probably be too little for proper climbing.
6	Induction week – activities with new teacher				
7 and	Negotiates space successfully when playing racing	To negotiate	space	motor skills	Egg and spoon race
8	and chasing games with other children, adjusting	space.	adjust	co-ordination	- the egg needs to
	speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. 'Sport's Day' activities – egg and spoon race etc. SCHOOL FIELD?		speed direction	balance	stay on the spoon Running race – requires speed

Week	PSED	Learning	Key Vocabulary	Key Skills/British	Key Knowledge
	Personal, Social, Emotional Development	Intention/Success Criteria		Values	IMOWIPS 1
1-7	Shows confidence in speaking to others about their own needs, interests and opinions in familiar group. Weekly 'All About Me' sessions	Tell my friends all about me.	interests	We listen to and respect other people's opinions and values.	You need to be clear when speaking to others so that they can understand you.
1	Can name and identify different parts of the body. Jigsaw 1 – My body	I can name parts of my body and show respect for myself.	body head shoulders knees toes	We know that we are all special.	That our body us made up of different parts.
2	Understands need for variety in food. Jigsaw 2 – Respecting my body	I can tell you some things I can do and some food I can eat to be healthy.	food healthy variety often sometimes	We understand the consequences of our actions.	Provides a range of different nutrients to the body, promotes good health and can help reduce the risk of disease.
3	Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Jigsaw 3 – Growing up	I understand that we all start as babies and grow into children and then adults.	change grow baby children adult	We know that we are all special.	We all grow and change.
4	Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. Jigsaw 4 – Growth and change	I know that I grow and change.	change grow baby children adult	We know that we are all special.	We all grow and change.
5	Expresses a wide range of feelings in their interactions with others and through their behaviour and play, including excitement and anxiety, guilt and self-doubt. Jigsaw 5 – Fun and fears Induction Week	I can talk about how I feel moving to School from Nursery.	feelings excitement anxious	We listen to and respect other people's opinions.	We can feel more than one feeling/emotion at the same time.
	I maddidii week				

7	Shows confidence in speaking to others about their	I can remember some	memory	We listen to and	We all have different
	own needs, wants, interests and opinions in familiar	fun things about Nursery		respect other people's	memories.
	group.	this year.		opinions.	
	Jigsaw 6 - Celebration				

Week	Mathematics	Learning Intention/Success	Key Vocabulary	Key Skills	Key Knowledge
	013023433	Criteria		EAN G	MOMBE]
1	Linking together number words, digits and	Counts up to five items,	numbers	There are two stages	One to one
	quantities Set up a long washing line with pegs and a washing	recognising that the last number said represents	digits	of counting that all children go through	correspondence is the ability to match an
	basket of different sized socks, so that children can find pairs and peg them up. Focus on size and length,	the total counted so far (cardinal principle)	quantity	rotecounting and rationalcounting (one-to-one	object to the corresponding number
	rather than colour or pattern, providing opportunities for comparing and ordering.	Links numerals with	amount	correspondence).	and recognise that numbers are symbols
	, , ,	amounts up to 5 and	total	Rational counting	to represent a
2	Linking together number words, digits and quantities	maybe beyond.	count	means a child is able to assign the correct	quantity.
	Same activity as last week.			number name to each object as they are	Numbers and symbols are abstract for
	Extend			counted in succession.	children so 1:1 correspondence is the
	Have we got enough socks for all these dolls? How can we find out?			The child is then able to answer the question	connection between the symbol, the
	What if we order all the socks going from the baby			of how many objects there are in total.	language and the
	ones to the biggest ones? Can we count them in twos? What do you notice			One to one	quantity
	when you count in twos?			correspondence is	
	How many pairs of baby socks are there?			when a child moves past rote counting and	
3	Linking together number words, digits and			is able to count	
	quantities			rationally – by assigning one number	
	Samo activity as last wook:			to each item, in	
	Same activity as last week:			the correct sequence.	
	Extend			It means to count objects reliably, one at	

	Recording
	Can you think of a way to show how many of each kind
	of sock we have, so we can check that we haven't lost
	any?
4	Linking together number words digits and
4	Linking together number words, digits and
	quantities
	Set up a sock shop - pricing the pairs of socks and
	paying with coins.
5	Linking together number words, digits and
	quantities
	Set up a shoe shop – pricing the pairs of shoes and
	paying with coins.
	paying man content
6	Induction Week
7 and	Linking together number words, digits and
8	quantities
	ExtendShoe shop – measuring feet
	Create tickets for queing system etc.